[COMMITTEE PRINT]

March 16, 2000

[Showing H.R., As Adopted by the Subcommittee on Capital Markets, Securities, and Government Sposored Enterprises]

106TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 2924

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 23, 1999

Mr. Baker (for himself, Mr. Kanjorski, Mr. Leach, Mr. LaFalce, Mr. McCollum, Mr. Castle, Mr. Riley, Mr. Jones of North Carolina, Mr. Hinchey, and Mr. Capuano) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services, and in addition to the Committees on Commerce, and Agriculture, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert in lieu thereof the part printed in roman] [For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on September 23, 1999]

A BILL

To require unregulated hedge funds to submit regular reports to the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, to make such reports available to the public to the extent required by regulations prescribed by the Board, and for other purposes.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Hedge Fund Disclo-
5	sure Act".
6	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
7	The Congress finds as follows:
8	(1) Hedge funds currently operate largely out-
9	side the framework of substantive United States
10	banking, securities, and futures laws and regula-
11	tions.
12	(2) The recent crisis of a large hedge fund dem-
13	onstrated several ways in which the condition of
14	major financial institutions in the United States, in-
15	cluding many banks with federally insured deposits,
16	reflects the success or failure of various hedge funds.
17	(3) Among other things, financial institutions
18	often invest in hedge funds, lend to hedge funds, act
19	as counterparties in securities and derivatives trans-
20	actions with hedge funds, and conduct proprietary
21	trading activities that mirror the investment strate-
22	gies of leading hedge funds.
23	(4) In several cases, hedge funds utilize finan-
24	cial leveraging practices to a greater degree than do
25	many regulated financial institutions and this high

- degree of leverage exacerbates the extent to which 1 such hedge funds potentially pose a threat to the 2 safety and soundness of the United States and inter-3 4 national financial systems. (5) Given that most of the institutions and wealthy individuals that invest in hedge funds are 6 7 highly sophisticated, market forces, rather than government regulations, are the best tools for con-8 straining hedge funds from engaging in excessive le-9 10 verage. 11 (6) Market forces are similarly the most effec-12 tive means of disciplining financial institutions that have allowed hedge fund dealings to threaten their 13 14 stability. 15 (7) The United States Government must insure that the failure of 1 or more hedge funds never 16 17 causes a severe burden on the United States finan-18 cial system or the United States payments system 19 and that Federal resources are not squandered in ef-20 forts to salvage collapsed hedge funds. (8) Market forces cannot properly function with 21 22
 - respect to hedge fund risks without a minimum of reliable information about hedge funds activities.

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1	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
2	(1) BOARD.—The term "Board" means the
3	Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
4	(2) CONTROL.—The term "control" means the
5	possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct
6	or cause the direction of the management and poli-
7	cies of a person, whether through the ownership of
8	voting securities, by contract, or otherwise.
9	(3) Federal banking agencies.—The term
10	"Federal banking agency" has the meaning given to
11	such term in section 3(z) of the Federal Deposit In-
12	surance Act.
13	(4) Unregulated hedge fund.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "unregulated
15	hedge fund" means any pooled investment vehi-
16	cle, or any group or family of pooled investment
17	vehicles under the control of the same person,
18	that had, as of the last business day of any of
19	the 4 most recent calendar quarters, either—
20	(i) aggregate total assets of
21	\$3,000,000,000 or more; or
22	(ii) aggregate net asset value of
23	\$1,000,000,000 or more.
24	(B) EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN POOLED IN-

VESTMENT VEHICLES.—The term "unregulated

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1	hedge fund" does not include any pooled invest-
2	ment vehicle that is—
3	(i) registered with the Securities and
4	Exchange Commission;
5	(ii) operated by a person registered
6	with the Commodity Futures Trading
7	Commission as a commodity pool operator
8	and that publicly discloses information
9	comparable to the information required to
10	be disclosed under this Act; or
11	(iii) subject to examination by, or the
12	reporting requirements of, a Federal bank-
13	ing agency.
14	(C) Further board definition.—
15	(i) IN GENERAL.—The Board may ex-
16	empt by regulation, conditionally or uncon-
17	ditionally, any person or class of persons
18	from the definition of the term "unregu-
19	lated hedge fund" or the requirements of
20	section 4(a), as the Board determines to be
21	consistent with the public interest or the
22	purposes of this Act.
23	(ii) Consideration of availability
24	OF INFORMATION.—In exercising any au-
25	thority under this subparagraph, the

1	Board shall consider the extent to which
2	information about a person or class of per-
3	sons is already publicly available.
4	SEC. 4. PUBLIC REPORTS REQUIRED.
5	(a) In General.—Before the end of the 15-day pe-
6	riod beginning at the end of each calendar quarter, each
7	unregulated hedge fund shall submit a report to the Board
8	which shall include the following information:
9	(1) Meaningful and comprehensive financial in-
10	formation (such as a complete set of financial state-
11	ments prepared in accordance with generally accept-
12	ed accounting principles consistently applied and
13	measures of off-balance sheet exposure) for or as of
14	the end of the calendar quarter.
15	(2) Meaningful and comprehensive measures of
16	risk (such as value-at-risk or stress test results) as
17	of the end of the calendar quarter.
18	(3) Such other information as the Board, in
19	consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the
20	Chairman of the Securities and Exchange Commis-
21	sion, the Chairperson of the Commodity Futures
22	Trading Commission, and the Federal banking agen-
23	cies, may require by regulation, except that no such
24	regulation may require an unregulated hedge fund to
25	reveal proprietary information.

1	(b) Availability of Reports.—Upon receipt of re-
2	ports under subsection (a), the Board shall—
3	(1) immediately transmit copies of the reports
4	to the Secretary of the Treasury, the Chairman of
5	the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Chair-
6	person of the Commodity Futures Trading Commis-
7	sion, and the Federal banking agencies; and
8	(2) make the reports available to the public on
9	a timely basis.
10	(c) REGULATIONS.—
11	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Board may, in consulta-
12	tion with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Chair-
13	man of the Securities and Exchange Commission,
14	the Chairman of the Commodity Futures Trading
15	Commission, and the Federal banking agencies, pre-
16	scribe regulations, as may be appropriate in the pub-
17	lic interest or to further the purposes of this Act,
18	that prescribe the form of the reports required by
19	subsection (a) and define or interpret the terms used
20	in this Act.
21	(2) REGULATION TIME-FRAME.—The Board
22	shall—
23	(A) publish proposed regulations under
24	this section in the Federal Register before the
25	end of the 90-day period beginning on the date

1	of the enactment of this Act, to allow for public
2	comment; and
3	(B) prescribe such regulations in final
4	form before the end of the 90-day period begin-
5	ning on the date the proposed regulations are
6	so published, unless the Board determines that
7	additional time, not to exceed 60 days, for com-
8	ment on the proposed regulations is necessary.
9	(d) ORDERS.—The Board may issue an order to any
10	unregulated hedge fund to comply with the requirements
11	of this section and the regulations prescribed under this
12	section.
13	SEC. 5. JUDICIAL ENFORCEMENT OF ORDERS.
14	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Board may, in the sole dis-
15	cretion of the Board, apply to—
16	(1) the United States district court within the
17	jurisdiction of which the principal office of the un-
18	regulated hedge fund is located; or
19	(2) in the case of an unregulated hedge fund
20	which is a person of a foreign country (as defined
21	in section 3502(d) of the Omnibus Trade and Com-
22	petitiveness Act of 1988) and borrows from, accepts
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	investments by, or is a counterparty to any person

1	the United States or any State, the United States
2	District Court for the District of Columbia,
3	for the enforcement of any effective and outstanding order
4	issued under section 4, and such court shall have jurisdic-
5	tion and power to order and require compliance therewith.
6	(b) No Judicial Review.—Except as provided in
7	subsection (a), no court shall have jurisdiction to affect
8	by injunction or otherwise the issuance or enforcement of
9	any order under section 4 or to review, modify, suspend,
10	terminate, or set aside any such order.
11	SEC. 6. PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF DIRECT MATERIAL EXPO-
12	SURES TO SIGNIFICANTLY LEVERAGED FI-
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24 require the disclosures described in subsection (a).

1	SEC. 7. ENHANCED COUNTERPARTY RISK MANAGEMENT BY
2	DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS.
3	Section 39(a)(1) of the Federal Deposit Insurance
4	Act (12 U.S.C. 1831s(a)(1)) is amended—
5	(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (E) and
6	(F) as subparagraphs (F) and (G); and
7	(2) by inserting after subparagraph (D) the fol-
8	lowing new subparagraph:
9	"(E) counterparty risk management;".